REC'D 2 5 JAN 2005

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

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35	Applicant's or agent's file reference 3585PTWO/AG/Ia International application No. PCT/EP 03/11642			FOR FURTHER	ACTION	See Noti Prelimina	fication of Transmittal of International ary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)
PC				International filing da 21.10.2003		th/year)	Priority date (day/month/year) 21.10.2002
	mation 7D48	37/22	tent Classification (IPC) or b	oth national classification	on and IPC		
			& C. DEI FRATELLI A	LITTI SOCIETA DI	···		
1.	. This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36.						
2.	. This REPORT consists of a total of 5 sheets, including this cover sheet.						
	×	This bee (see	s report is also accompan in amended and are the b Rule 70.16 and Section	led by ANNEXES, i.e asis for this report ar	e. sheets of	f the desc	ription, claims and/or drawings which have ng rectifications made before this Authority
	(see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT). These annexes consist of a total of 15 sheets.						
3.	This	repo	rt contains indications rela	ating to the following	itomor		
	1	Ø	Basis of the opinion	aming to the lenewing	iterijs.		
	II	$\overline{}$	Priority				
	III	\boxtimes	•	ninion with regard to	novelle te.		
	IV		Lack of unity of inventio	omion wan regard to i	noveity, inv	entive ste	ep and industrial applicability
	V Reasoned statement under Rule 66.2(a)(ii) wi citations and explanations supporting such sta			rith regard tatement	to novelty	, inventive step or industrial applicability;	
	VI		Certain documents cited				·
	VII		Certain defects in the in	ernational application	n		
	VIII Certain observations on the international application						
Date o	Date of submission of the demand				Date of co	ompletion o	f this report
21.0	1.05.2004				21.01.20	005	
Name prelim	lame and mailing address of the international reliminary examining authority:				Authorized	d Officer	
	European Patent Office						And Pater of
ي .	D-80298 Munich Tel. +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 523656 epmu d			Boletti-C	remers,	K	
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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/EP 03/11642

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1.	bas	IS OI	rtne	report

1. With regard to the **elements** of the international application (Replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17)):

	Description, Pages						
	1, 3	3, 4, 6-38	as originally filed				
	2, 2	2a, 5, 5a	received on 22.11.2004 with letter of 16.11.2004				
Claims, Numbers							
1-2		1	received on 22.11.2004 with letter of 16.11.2004				
2.	Wit lan	age, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the ternational application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.					
	The	ese elements were av	ailable or furnished to this Authority in the following language: , which is:				
\Box the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of the international search (u			anslation furnished for the purposes of the international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).				
		the language of publication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).					
		the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under Rule 55.2 and/or 55.3).					
3.	With	Vith regard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the nternational application, the nternational preliminary examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:					
		contained in the inte	rnational application in written form.				
		_					
		furnished subsequently to this Authority in computer readable form.					
		The statement that t in the international a	he subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure pplication as filed has been furnished.				
		The statement that t listing has been furn	ne information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence ished.				
1.	The	he amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:					
		the description,	pages:				
		the claims,	Nos.:				
		the drawings,	sheets:				
This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed (Rule 70.2(c)).			established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have go beyond the disclosure as filed (Rule 70.2(c)).				
		(Any replacement sh report.)	eet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this				

6. Additional observations, if necessary:

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111	. 140	n-establishment of opinion (vitn re	egard to nov	elty, inventive step and industrial applicability		
1.	The obv	The questions whether the claimed invention appears to be novel, to involve an inventive step (to be non- obvious), or to be industrially applicable have not been examined in respect of:					
		the entire international applic	ation,				
	☑ claims Nos. 17,19-21						
		because:					
the said international application, or the said claims Nos. 17,19-21 relate to the following subwhich does not require an international preliminary examination (specify):					ms Nos. 17,19-21 relate to the following subject matter ary examination (specify):		
		see separate sheet					
	the description, claims or drawings (indicate particular elements below) or said claims Nos. are that no meaningful opinion could be formed (specify):						
		the claims, or said claims Nos could be formed.	s. are s	so inadequat	ely supported by the description that no meaningful opinior		
		no international search report has been established for the said claims Nos.					
2.	A meaningful international preliminary examination cannot be carried out due to the failure of the nucleor amino acid sequence listing to comply with the standard provided for in Annex C of the Administrations:				annot be carried out due to the failure of the nucleotide and ndard provided for in Annex C of the Administrative		
		the written form has not been	furnisl	hed or does i	not comply with the Standard.		
		the computer readable form h	as not	been furnish	ed or does not comply with the Standard.		
٧.	Rea cita	easoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; tations and explanations supporting such statement					
1.	Stat	atement					
	Nov	elty (N)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	1-21		
	Inve	ntive step (IS)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	1-21		
	Indu	strial applicability (IA)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	1-16,18		

2. Citations and explanations

see separate sheet

POINT III.

For the assessment of the presently worded claims 17 and 19-21 on the question whether they are industrially applicable, no unified criteria exist in the PCT. The patentability can also be dependent upon the formulation of the claims. The EPO, for example, does not recognise as industrially applicable claims to the use of a compound in medical treatment, but will allow, however, claims to a known compound for first use in medical treatment and the use of such a compound for the manufacture of a new medical treatment.

POINT V.

The following documents , quoted in the I.S.R., have been considered as relevant for the examination of the present application . Their numbering will be adhered to for the rest of the procedure.

- (1) WO-A-01/96343, cited in the application.
- (2) EP-A-0906 758, cited in the application.
- (3) WO-A-02/10173, cited in the application.
- (4) WO-A-98/33503.
- (5) J.A.C.S., 114(7), 2664-9, 1992.

1. Novelty.

- 1. The photosensitiser disclosed in (1)-(4) do not fall within the scope of present claims which can therefore be regarded as novel with respect to their contents.
- 2. The same conclusion can now be drawn from the content of (5) because the 2 single compounds disclosed in (5), namely compounds 6 and 7 of (5), have been properly disclaimed from the claimed matter on file which can now be regarded as novel with respect to the content of (5).

2. Inventiveness

In view of the comparative argumentation submitted on 16.11.2004 by the Applicant , present

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claims can be regarded as inventive with respect to the most relevant prior art (1) and (3). (5) is to be set aside because it relates to a quite different problem and according to the EP-regional practice, such a prior art can be avoided by means of a disclaimer (as on file).

It should be reminded that present claims have not been fully searched and that an additional search, focusing on the M and the respective R and R_1 definitions will be performed in the regional proceedings to come.



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markedly limited efficiency and poor selectivity toward the eukaryotic cells and/or micro-organisms, and because of the prolonged persistence in the skin, which often may cause phenomena of generalised photosensitivity (Jori G., *J. Photochem. Photobiol., B: Biol.*, Vol. 36, pp. 87-93, 1996).

- Thus it is evident how important it is to develop novel porphyrin compounds suitable for the use as therapeutic agents in PDT and as diagnostic agents, but not showing the limitations illustrated above.
 - Some substituted porphyrins and metalloporphyrins are disclosed in Dick D.L. et al. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 114 (1992) 2664-2669. Their encapsulation within the hydrophobic cavity of cyclodextrins is reported, providing inclusion complexes capable of mimicking the activities of heme-containing proteins.
 - Porphyrin derivatives bearing cationic groups have been previously described (Merchat et al. *J. Photochem. Photobiol.* 32, 153-157, 1996; Merchat et al. *J. Photochem. Photobiol.* 35, 149-157, 1996) and assessed for their photodynamic properties in the bacteria photoinactivation. These compounds bear trimethylanilinium groups or quaternary ammonium pyridinium groups in the mesopositions and therefore are endowed by a hydrophilic nature.
 - Other photosensitisers such as phthalocyanines having hydrophilic and/or amphiphilic characteristics are known; for example, the International Applications No. WO 01/96343 and WO 02/090361, and in the US Patent No. 5,965,598, all in the name of the Applicant, disclose various evenly substituted hydrophilic phthalocyanines, as well as non centrosymmetrical phthalocyanines bearing cationic or protonable group on the macrocycle.

Summary of the invention

- The Applicant has now found a novel series of photosensitizers having particularly advantageous properties compared to the known compounds.
 - These novel compounds have shown optimum physical-chemical features for therapeutic applications, particularly in relation to their absorption in the region of the visible spectrum, high molar extinction coefficients, high quantum yield in singlet oxygen production, that is expressed by the photoinactivation of eukaryotic and prokaryotic cells.







The photosensitizers described by this invention are able to produce singlet oxygen by using various light sources and wavelengths. In particular they can be activated by visible red light radiation when the treatment of deep seated tumours on infections is required as well as by blue visible radiation or white light radiations when is preferable to treat by means of the photodynamic process more superficial



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P is selected from the group consisting of O, CH₂, CO₂, NHCONH and CONH; I is an integer comprised between 0 and 5;

W is selected from the group consisting of O, CO₂, CONH and NHCONH; f is selected from between 0 and 1;

J is H or an alkyl group (CH₂)_q-CH₃, wherein q is an integer comprised between 0 and 20; R₂ and R₃, equal or different from each other, are selected from between R and R₁, wherein R and R₁ are defined as above,

M is chosen from 2H and a metal selected from the group consisting of Zn, Mg, Pt, Pd, Si(OR_7)₂, Ge(OR_7)₂ and AlOR₇, wherein R₇ is chosen from between H and C1-C15 alkyl.

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, with the exception of the following compounds:

- a) compound of formula (I) wherein M is 2H, $R_1 = R_3 = H$, $R = R_2$ is a group of formula (II) in which s is 1, X is O, Y is $(CH_2)_3$, v is 1, Z is N, n = d = 1, m is 0, and $R_4 = R_5 = H$; and
- b) compound of formula (I) wherein M is 2H, $R_1 = R_3 = H$, $R = R_2$ is a group of formula (II) in which s is 1, X is O, Y is $(CH_2)_3$, v is 1, Z is N, n = d = 1, m is 0, R_4 and R_5 form with Z a phthalimido group.

Further subject of the present invention are the processes for the preparation of the above said compounds of formula (I), the novel intermediates in these processes and the conjugates in which the compounds of formula (I) are site specifically conjugated with bio-organic carriers, such as aminoacids, polypeptides, proteins and polysaccharides.

The present compounds of formula (I), as well as the corresponding conjugates, are useful for the treatment of microbial infections (bacterial, fungal and viral), in the photodynamic treatment of tumour, pre-cancerous pathologies, and other hyperproliferative diseases.

The present compounds (I) and the corresponding conjugates are useful as well, as diagnostic agents for the identification of pathologically affected areas and for photodynamic sterilization of blood and blood derivatives.

Features and advantages of the present compounds of formula (I) will be illustrated in details in the following description.







Detailed description of the invention

By "saturated or unsaturated heterocycle possibly substituted" according to the invention, an heterocycle is preferably meant, which is selected from the group consisting of morpholine, piperidine, pyridine, pyrimidine, piperazine, pyrrolidine, pyrroline, imidazole, aniline and julolidine (2,3,6,7-tetrahydro-1H,5H pirido[3,2,1-/ʃ] quinoline).